1	HOUSE BILL NO. 143
2	INTRODUCED BY P. CLARK
3	BY REQUEST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
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5	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT AMENDING THE METAL MINE RECLAMATION LAWS TO ALLOW
6	THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TO INCREASE RECLAMATION BONDS PENDING
7	MODIFICATION OF PERMITS; AMENDING SECTION 82-4-337, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE
8	EFFECTIVE DATE."
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10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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12	Section 1. Section 82-4-337, MCA, is amended to read:
13	"82-4-337. Inspection issuance of operating permit modification, amendment, or revision.
14	(1) (a) The department shall review all applications for operating permits for completeness within 60 days of
15	receipt of the initial application and within 30 days of receipt of responses to notices of deficiencies. The initial
16	completeness notice must note all deficiency issues, and the department may not in a later completeness notice
17	raise an issue pertaining to the initial application that was not raised in the initial notice. The department may,
18	however, raise any deficiency during the adequacy review pursuant to subsection (1)(b). The department shall
19	notify the applicant concerning completeness as soon as possible. An application is considered complete unless
20	the applicant is notified of any deficiencies within the appropriate review period.
21	(b) Except as provided in 75-1-208(4)(b), unless the review period is extended as provided in this
22	section, the department shall review the adequacy of the proposed reclamation plan and plan of operation within
23	30 days of the determination that the application is complete or within 60 days of receipt of the application if the
24	department does not notify the applicant of any deficiencies in the application. If the applicant is not notified of
25	deficiencies or inadequacies in the proposed reclamation plan and plan of operation within the time period, the
26	operating permit must be issued upon receipt of the bond as required in 82-4-338 and pursuant to the
27	requirements of subsection (1)(c). The department shall promptly notify the applicant of the form and amount
28	of bond that will be required.
29	(c) A permit may not be issued until:
30	(i) sufficient bond has been submitted pursuant to 82-4-338;

- (ii) the information and certification have been submitted pursuant to 82-4-335(9); and
- 2 (iii) the department has found that permit issuance is not prohibited by 82-4-335(8) or 82-4-341(7).

(d) (i) Prior to issuance of a permit, the department shall inspect the site unless the department has failed to act on the application within the time prescribed in subsection (1)(b). If the site is not accessible because of extended adverse weather conditions, the department may extend the time period prescribed in subsection (1)(b) by not more than 180 days to allow inspection of the site and reasonable review. The department shall serve written notice of extension upon the applicant in person or by certified mail, and any extension is subject to appeal to the board in accordance with the Montana Administrative Procedure Act.

- (ii) Except as provided in 75-1-208(4)(b), if the department determines that additional time is needed for analysis to determine whether a detailed environmental impact statement is necessary under 75-1-201, the department and the applicant shall negotiate to extend the period prescribed in subsection (1)(b) by not more than 75 days to permit reasonable analysis. The applicant may by written waiver extend this period.
- (iii) Except as provided in 75-1-208(4)(b), if the department determines that additional time is needed to review the application and reclamation plan for a major operation, the department and the applicant shall negotiate to extend the period prescribed in subsection (1)(b) by not more than 365 days in order to permit reasonable review. The applicant may by written waiver extend this time period.
- (iv) If the department decides to hire a third-party contractor to prepare an environmental impact statement on the application, the department shall prepare a list of no fewer than four contractors acceptable to the department and shall provide the applicant with a copy of the list. The applicant shall provide the department with a list of at least 50% of the contractors from the department's list. The department shall select its contractor from the list provided by the applicant.
- (v) Failure of the department to act upon a complete application within the extension period constitutes approval of the application, and the permit must be issued promptly upon receipt of the bond as required in 82-4-338.
- (2) The operating permit must be granted for the period required to complete the operation and is valid until the operation authorized by the permit is completed or abandoned unless the permit is suspended or revoked by the department as provided in this part.
- (3) (a) The operating permit must provide that the reclamation plan may be modified by the department, upon proper application of the permittee or after timely notice and opportunity for hearing, at any time during the term of the permit and for any of the following reasons:



1 (a)(i) to modify the requirements so that they will not conflict with existing laws;

(b)(ii) when the previously adopted reclamation plan is impossible or impracticable to implement and maintain;

- (e)(iii) when significant environmental problem situations are revealed by field inspection.
- 5 (b) (i) Upon determining pursuant to subsection (3)(a)(ii) or (3)(a)(iii) that the reclamation plan must be
 6 modified, the department shall issue a notice and order to modify the reclamation plan. In the notice the
 7 department shall:
 - (A) describe the significant environmental problem situation or the reason that the reclamation plan is impossible or impractical to implement and maintain;
 - (B) describe the portions of the reclamation plan that must be modified; and
 - (C) require that the permittee submit interim reclamation plan amendments within 45 days of receipt of the notice. The preliminary reclamation plan amendments must be designed to prevent, remedy, or mitigate the environmental problem situation or the impossibility or impracticality of implementing or maintaining the reclamation plan and must be based on the department's notice and any data or information available to the permittee during the 45-day period.
 - (ii) Within 10 days of receipt of the notice and order pursuant to subsection (3)(b)(i), the permittee may request an informal conference with the director of the department on the notice and order to submit interim reclamation plan amendments. At the informal conference, the permittee may present data, information, or arguments pertaining to the alleged environmental problem situation or the impossibility or impracticability of implementing or maintaining the reclamation plan and the need for interim reclamation plan amendments. If the permittee requests that the notice and order be withdrawn or modified, the director shall respond in writing within 5 working days of the informal conference.
 - (iii) (A) Unless the notice and order are withdrawn pursuant to subsection (3)(b)(ii), the permittee shall propose interim reclamation plan amendments in accordance with the notice and order.
 - (B) The department shall review the permittee's proposed interim reclamation plan amendments. If the department determines that there is not a reasonable possibility that the proposed interim reclamation plan amendments will prevent, remedy, or mitigate the environmental problem situation or the impossibility or impracticability of implementing and maintaining the reclamation plan, it shall notify the permittee that the proposed amendments are rejected. The notice must advise the permittee of the deficiencies in the amendments. The permittee shall, within 30 days of receipt of the notice, propose revised amendments that



address the deficiencies that the department has identified. If the department determines that there is not a reasonable possibility that the revised reclamation plan amendments will prevent, remedy, or mitigate the environmental problem situation or the impossibility or impracticability of implementing and maintaining the reclamation plan, the department shall reject the amendments. If the department rejects the proposed amendments or if the permittee fails to submit proposed amendments, the department may prepare its own interim reclamation plan amendments in consultation with the permittee.

(C) When the department accepts the permittee's interim reclamation plan amendments or prepares its own interim reclamation plan amendments, it shall calculate the cost of implementation of the amendments by the department. The department shall notify the permittee of the cost. If the interim reclamation plan will increase the cost of reclamation, the permittee shall post an interim reclamation bond in the amount of the increase within 60 days of receipt of the notice. Upon request of the permittee made within 20 days of receipt of the interim reclamation bond amount, the director of the department shall hold an informal conference on the bond amount with the permittee. At the informal conference, the permittee may submit data, information, and arguments regarding the department's bond amount and may propose a different amount. The director shall respond in writing to the permittee within 5 working days. The bond must guarantee the permittee's compliance with the interim reclamation plan amendments. The department may require that the bond also guarantee compliance with the final reclamation plan amendments that are made pursuant to 82-4-341 or subsection (3)(b)(iv) of this section, to the extent that they are the same as the interim reclamation plan amendments. Failure to submit the interim bond subjects the permittee to penalties under 82-4-361 and permit suspension under 82-4-362.

(iv) (A) Following approval or adoption of interim reclamation plan amendments, the department shall determine conceptual final reclamation plan amendments that will, with reasonable scientific certainty, prevent, remedy, or mitigate the environmental problem situation or the impossibility or impracticability of implementing and maintaining the reclamation. In this process, the department shall comply with Title 75, chapter 1.

(B) When the department has determined the conceptual final reclamation plan amendments pursuant to subsection (3)(b)(iv)(A), the department shall issue a notice and order requiring the permittee to submit final reclamation plan amendments in accordance with the conceptual final reclamation plan within a reasonable time designated by the department.

(C) Within 30 days of receipt of the department's notice and order pursuant to subsection (3)(b)(iv)(B), the permittee may request a hearing before the board. If the permittee does not request a hearing, the permittee



shall submit final reclamation plan amendments in accordance with the department's order.

(D) Following the hearing, the board shall determine whether final reclamation plan amendments are necessary and affirm or rescind the department's order to submit final reclamation plan amendments. If the board affirms the order to submit final reclamation plan amendments, the board shall order the permittee to submit a reclamation plan to the board in accordance with the conceptual plan contained in the department's order or another reclamation plan determined by the board on the basis of the record developed during the hearing process. The board shall set a reasonable period for submission of the plan to the department.

- (E) Upon submission of the final reclamation plan amendments, the department shall require a supplemental bond, if necessary, pursuant to 82-4-338.
- (4) (a) The modification of an operating permit may be a major or minor permit amendment or a permit revision. A modification of the operating permit, including a modification necessary to conform to the requirements of existing law as interpreted by a court of competent jurisdiction, must be processed in accordance with the procedures for an application for a permit amendment or revision that are established pursuant to 82-4-342 and this section, including any environmental analysis required by Title 75, chapter 1, part 2.
- (b) The Except as provided in subsection (3), the modification of an operating permit may not be finalized and an existing bond amount may not be increased until the permit modification procedures and analysis described in subsection (4)(a) are completed.
- (5) During the term of an operating permit, an operator may apply for an amendment or revision to the permit. The operator may not apply for an amendment to delete disturbed acreage from the permit.
- (6) Applications for major amendments must be processed in the same manner as applications for new permits.
- (7) Major amendments are those that may significantly affect the environment. Minor amendments are those that will not significantly affect the environment. The board may by rule establish criteria for classification of amendments as major or minor. The rules must establish requirements for the content of applications for amendments and revisions and procedures for processing of minor amendments.
- (8) If the department demonstrates that a revision may result in a significant environmental impact that was not previously and substantially evaluated in an environmental impact statement, the application must be processed in the same manner as is provided for new permits. Except as provided in 75-1-208(4)(b), applications for minor amendments and other revisions must be processed within 30 days of receipt of an



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3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Section 2. Effective date.** [This act] is effective on passage and approval.

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